

Royal Fireworks Language Arts by Michael Clay Thompson

PRACTICE VOYAGE

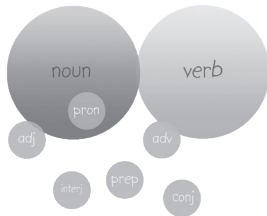
One Hundred Four-Level Analysis Practice Sentences

Second Edition

A Supplement to *Grammar Voyage*, *Essay Voyage*, and *Caesar's English II*

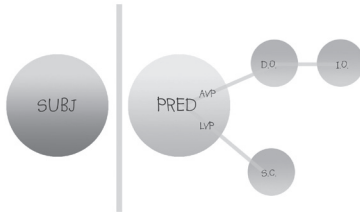
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8 Parts of Speech

noun, pronoun, adjective, verb, adverb,
conjunction, preposition, interjection



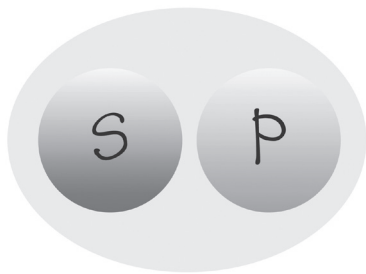
5 Parts of Sentence

subject, predicate, direct object, indirect object,
subject complement



Phrases

prepositional phrase, appositive phrase,
verbal phrases



Clauses

independent clause, dependent clause

Notes to Students

Grammar is a way of thinking about language, and when we think like this, we look at our sentences in four different ways. We look at each word to see what kind of word it is, we look at the two sides of the idea in the sentence, we look for little word groups called phrases, and we look to see if the sentence has one clause or more than one clause.

This book will give you practice thinking this way. The method for doing this is called **four-level analysis**, after the four levels just mentioned. Their names are *parts of speech* (the eight kinds of words), *parts of the sentence*, *phrases*, and *clauses*.

On each page there is a sentence with four lines below it. Study the sentence, and then write the abbreviations for the parts of speech below each word in the first line, the parts of sentence in the second, phrases in the third, and clauses in the fourth. For phrases and clauses, make little lines to show where the phrase or clause begins and ends. Notice that every word is a part of speech, but only some words are a part of sentence. At the bottom of the page, there is a place to write a comment about anything you think is interesting or fun about the sentence.

The abbreviations used here are:

Parts of Speech

n.	noun
pron.	pronoun
adj.	adjective
v.	verb
adv.	adverb
prep.	preposition
conj.	conjunction
interj.	interjection

Parts of Sentence

subj.	subject
AVP	action verb predicate
LVP	linking verb predicate
BVP	being verb predicate
D.O.	direct object
I.O.	indirect object
S.C.	subject complement

Phrases

prep.	prepositional (phrase)
app.	appositive (phrase)
ger.	gerund (phrase)
par.	participial (phrase)
inf.	infinitive (phrase)

Clauses

indep.	independent (clause)
dep.	dependent (clause)

Example Sentence

We walked away, but two birds sang songs about us.

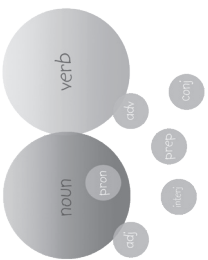
pron. v. adv. conj. adj. n. v. n. prep. pron.

subj. AVP subj. AVP D.O.

-----prep. phrase-----

-----indep. clause-----independent clause-----
a compound declarative sentence

Comment: This is a compound sentence made of two independent clauses. Each clause has an action verb, but only the second action verb passes the action to a direct object.

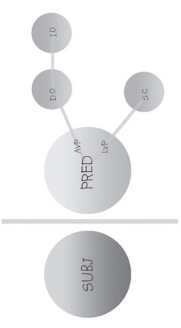


Sentence 10

The **vivacious** welcome gave you and me a feeling of serenity.

Comment:

Sentence 30



Silent and somber, the first mate stared at the receding coastline.

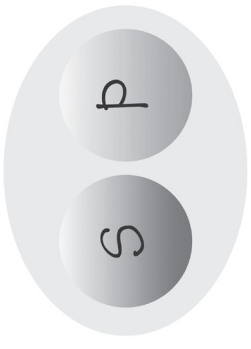
Comment:



Sentence 60

The island was a jewel of green **verdure**, turquoise water, and yellow sand.

Comment:



Sentence 80

Once we decide to enter the channel, the decision is **irrevocable**.

Comment: